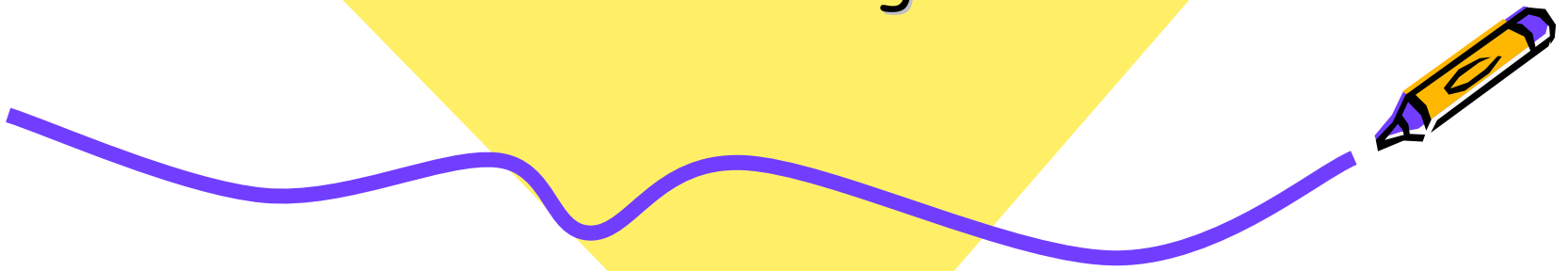




Project Proposal:

Parallel Nondeterminator

He Yuxiong



Objective

I propose Parallel Nondeterminator to:

- Check the determinacy race in the parallel execution of the program written in the language like Cilk
- Develop efficient algorithm to decide the concurrency between threads
- Develop efficient algorithm to reduce the number of entries in access history

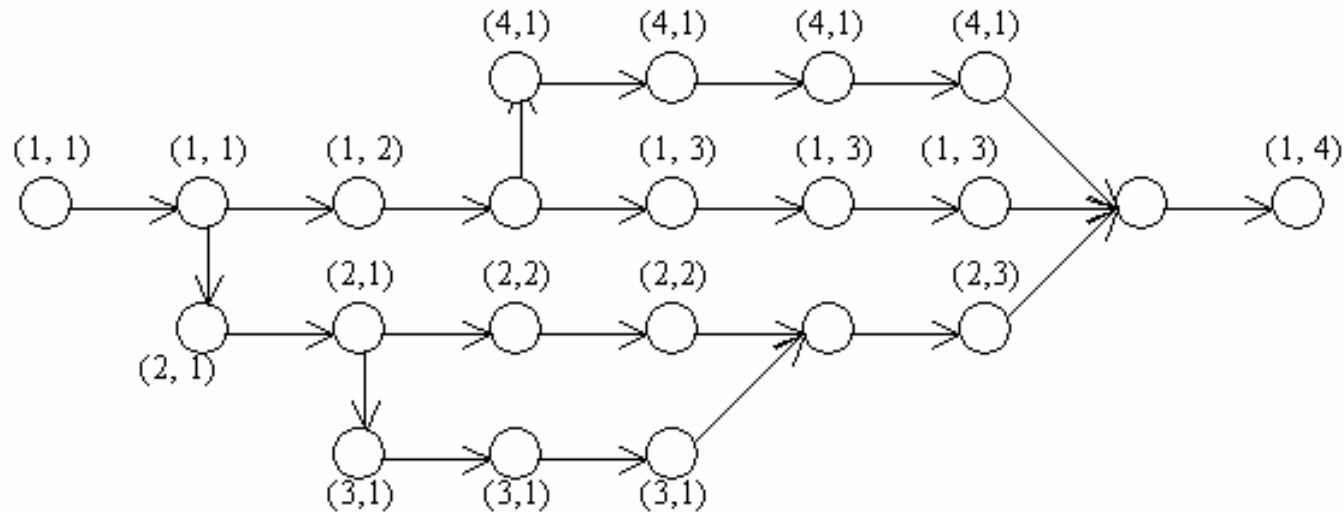


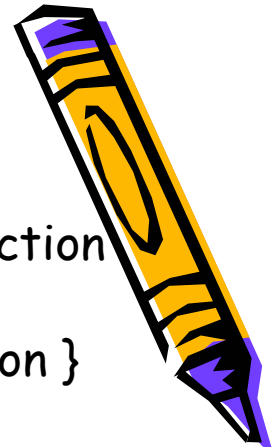
Primitive Idea in Concurrency Test

(1) Labeling Scheme

(2) Set operation

Thread representation (fid, tid)





Two sets:

Parallel set $PS(f) = \{(pf, ptid) \mid \text{all threads with } tid \geq ptid \text{ in function } pf \text{ is parallel with the running thread of } f\}$

Children set $CS(f) = \{fid \mid fid \text{ is the descendant of current function } f\}$

Operations:

Spawn: Thread T_x of function F_i spawn function F_j

Operations on child F_j

$$(1) PS(F_j) = PS(F_i) \cup (F_i, T_x + 1)$$

$$(2) CS(F_j) = \{F_i\}$$

Operations on parent F_i

$$(1) \forall F_p, \exists tid, (F_p, tid) \in PS(F_i) \rightarrow PS(F_p) = PS(F_p) \cup (F_j, 1)$$

$$(2) PS(F_i) = PS(F_i) \cup (F_j, 1)$$

$$(3) CS(F_i) = PS(F_i) \cup \{F_j\}$$





Sync: Function F_i executes sync

$$PS(F_i) = PS(F_i) - CS(F_i)$$

Return: Function F_j returns to Function F_i

$$CS(F_i) = CS(F_i) + CS(F_j)$$

Release $PS(F_j)$ and $CS(F_j)$

Concurrency Test:

Check if (f_x, t_x) is parallel with the current running thread (f_c, t_c) :

$$\exists tid, (f_x, tid) \in PS(f_c) \wedge tid \geq t_x \rightarrow (f_x, t_x) \text{ is parallel with } (f_c, t_c)$$



Primitive Idea for Access History



Serial

read(l), write(l)

Simplest parallel program without nested parallelism

Two parallel read records, one write record

Language structure like Cilk

read: max level of parallelism, one write record

Q: Is it possible to keep only two read records for each shared location in Cilk Parallel Nondeterminator?

Keep two parallel read records with highest level of LCA in parent child spawn tree.



Thank you very much!

