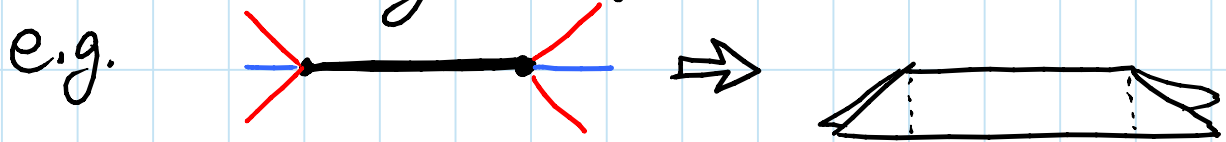


- Fold & cut software [David Benjamin & Anthony Lee 2010]
 - DEMO (6.849 project)
 - PROJECT: improve UI, make Java applet; port to JavaScript; force degeneracies; or compute folded state & M/V/unfold
 - JOrigami: disks [Silveira, Cosentino, Coelho, Aoki]

◦ Odd-degree vertices?

- even degree $\Leftrightarrow$ face 2-colorable
 - $\Leftrightarrow$ alternating above/below side assignment
 - $\Leftrightarrow$ uncreased cut edges
 - $\Leftrightarrow$ scissor cuts
- (separate material on both sides of line)
- mathematical/laser cuts (removing line) can do odd-degree vertices

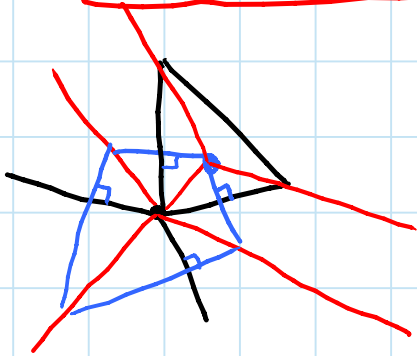


- if graph doesn't disconnect from the removal of any 1 edge
(planar 2-edge-connected)
then = union of two even graphs
[Demaine, Demaine, Lubiw 1998,
thanks to Jim Geelen & Dan Younger]

- Linear corridors $\rightarrow$ tree
 - corridor $\rightarrow$ edge (or ray) [flap]
 - width w $\rightarrow$ length w
 - perpendicular $\rightarrow$ vertex [hinge]
 - (connected comp.)
 - similar to TreeMaker CP $\rightarrow$ shadow tree

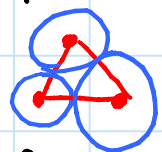
- Tree folding $\rightarrow$ origami folding
 - expand each edge to accordion folding
 - stitch together at perpendiculars

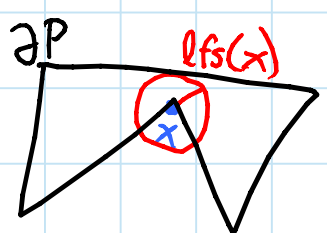
- Irrational ratio happens with prob. 1? YES
 - but first need closed loop of perpendiculars
 - CONJECTURE: with prob. 1, only get loops around one cut vertex (normal circular corridor)



$\leftarrow$ e.g.

- Examples: students & HELL
- Disk packing $\rightarrow$ tri/quad decomposition
 - disk center $\rightarrow$ vertex
 - kissing disks $\rightarrow$ edge
 - 3- or 4-gap $\rightarrow$ triangle or quad.

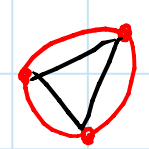
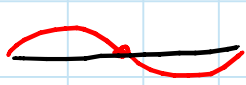


- How many disks? $O\left(\int_{x \in \partial P} \frac{dx}{lfs(x)}\right)$

 - $lfs(x)$ = local feature size
= radius of smallest disk centered at x hitting a nonincident edge of P

- Disk packing method vs. tree method
 - disks
 - easy to place (but many)
 - input = polygon
 - regions = tri. & quad.
 - both align boundaries of universal molecules
 - disks & rivers
 - hard to place
 - input = tree
 - regions = convex (or tri.)

- Straight skeleton method vs. tree method
 - arbitrary polygons/graphs
 - no control on tree/lengths
 - POLYGON PACKING $\approx$ combination of two (straight skeleton + gussets to control)
 - convex polygons
 - control

[Demaine, Demaine, Lang] [Origami Design Secrets 2e]

- OPEN**: fold flat & cut of fixed curvature κ
 - make all unions of arcs of this curvature?
 - intuition:
 
 arc $\rightarrow$ fold & cut
 - but:
 

- Flattening
 - 3D fold & cut $\Rightarrow$ flat folded state (folding motions NOT preserved)
 - NEW: convex polyhedra can be continuously flattened [Itoh, Nara, Vilcu 2011]
 - PROJECT: animate their motion
 - OPEN: nonconvex polyhedra?

PROJECT: fold & cut alphabet
e.g. 3 or 4 simple folds / letter
or CP for entire word / page

PROJECT: paper cutting art via fold & cut
(à la Peter Callesen)