

Problem Set 8

Due: April 10

Reading: Sections 11.7– 11.10, 11.6

Problem 1.

Prove Corollary 11.10.12: If all edges in a finite weighted graph have distinct weights, then the graph has a *unique* MST.

Hint: Suppose M and N were different MST's of the same graph. Let e be the smallest edge in one and not the other, say $e \in M - N$, and observe that $N + e$ must have a cycle.

Problem 2.

A basic example of a simple graph with chromatic number n is the complete graph on n vertices, that is $\chi(K_n) = n$. This implies that any graph with K_n as a subgraph must have chromatic number at least n . It's a common misconception to think that, conversely, graphs with high chromatic number must contain a large complete subgraph. In this problem we exhibit a simple example countering this misconception, namely a graph with chromatic number four that contains no *triangle*—length three cycle—and hence no subgraph isomorphic to K_n for $n \geq 3$. Namely, let G be the 11-vertex graph of Figure 1. The reader can verify that G is triangle-free.

- (a) Show that G is 4-colorable.
- (b) Prove that G can't be colored with 3 colors.

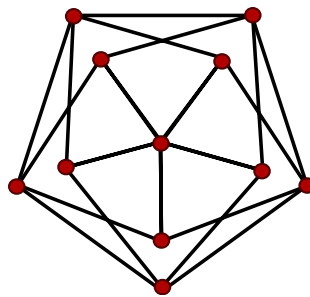


Figure 1 Graph G with no triangles and $\chi(G) = 4$.

Problem 3.

The preferences among 4 boys and 4 girls are partially specified in the following table:

B1:	G1	G2	-	-
B2:	G2	G1	-	-
B3:	-	-	G4	G3
B4:	-	-	G3	G4
G1:	B2	B1	-	-
G2:	B1	B2	-	-
G3:	-	-	B3	B4
G4:	-	-	B4	B3

(a) Verify that

$$(B1, G1), (B2, G2), (B3, G3), (B4, G4)$$

will be a stable matching whatever the unspecified preferences may be.

(b) Explain why the stable matching above is neither boy-optimal nor boy-pessimal and so will not be an outcome of the Mating Ritual.

(c) Describe how to define a set of marriage preferences among n boys and n girls which have at least $2^{n/2}$ stable assignments.

Hint: Arrange the boys into a list of $n/2$ pairs, and likewise arrange the girls into a list of $n/2$ pairs of girls. Choose preferences so that the k th pair of boys ranks the k th pair of girls just below the previous pairs of girls, and likewise for the k th pair of girls. Within the k th pairs, make sure each boy's first choice girl in the pair prefers the other boy in the pair.