## **Problems for Recitation 6**

## 1 Problem: The Pulverizer!

There is a pond. Inside the pond there are n pebbles, arranged in a cycle. A frog is sitting on one of the pebbles. Whenever he jumps, he lands exactly k pebbles away in the clockwise direction, where 0 < k < n. The frog's meal, a delicious worm, lies on the pebble right next to his, in the clockwise direction.

- (a) Describe a situation where the frog can't reach the worm.
- **(b)** In a situation where the frog can actually reach the worm, explain how to use the Pulverizer to find how many jumps the frog will need.
- (c) Compute the number of jumps if n = 50 and k = 21. Anything strange?

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## 2 Problem: The Fibonacci numbers. Again.

Give an inductive proof that the Fibonacci numbers  $F_n$  and  $F_{n+1}$  are relatively prime for all  $n \ge 0$ . Recall that the Fibonacci numbers are defined as follows:

$$F_0 = 0$$
  $F_1 = 1$   $F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$  (for  $n \ge 2$ ).

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## 3 Problem: The power of 3.

Let N be a number whose decimal expansion consists of  $3^n$  identical digits. Show by induction that  $3^n \mid N$ . For example:

$$3^2 \mid \underbrace{777777777}_{3^2 = 9 \text{ digits}}$$

Recall that 3 divides a number iff it divides the sum of its digits.