

Admin:

Pset # 2 is out, due Wed 3/24

Projects! (Post ideas on Piazza...)

Today:

Constructing Hash Fns:

(1) Merkle-Damgard (MD5, SHA2)

(2) "Sponge" construction of SHA-3

Readings:

(for this part)

Wikipedia: Merkle-Damgard
SHA-3

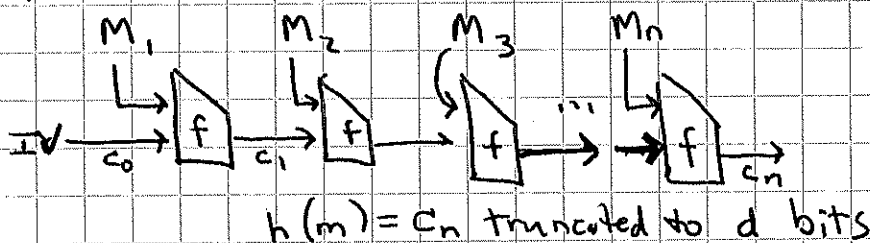
Merkle-Damgard Construction

- Choose output size d (e.g. $d = 256$ bits)
- Choose "chaining variable" size c (e.g. $c = 512$ bits)
(Make $c \gg 2d$ for good security)
- Choose "message block size" b (e.g. $b = 512$ bits)
- Design "compression function" f
 $f: \{0,1\}^c \times \{0,1\}^b \rightarrow \{0,1\}^c$
 [f should be OW, CR, PR, TCR, NM, ...]
- Merkle Damgard is essentially, a "mode of operation" allowing for variable-length inputs:
 - * Choose a c -bit initialization vector IV, c_0
(c_0 is fixed & public)
 - * [Padding] Given message, append
 - at least one "1" bit, then
 - enough "0" bits so result is a multiple of b bits after concatenation of length of message too.

$$M = M_1 M_2 \dots M_n \quad (n \text{ } b\text{-bit blocks})$$



Then



Thm: If f is CR, then so is h .

PF: Given collision for h , can find one for f by working backwards through chain

Thm: Same for OW.

Common design pattern for f :

$$f(c_{i-1}, M_i) = c_{i-1} \oplus E(M_i, c_{i-1})$$

where $E(K, M)$ is an encryption function (block cipher) with b -bit key and c -bit input/output blocks.

(See Wikipedia for more details on MD5.)

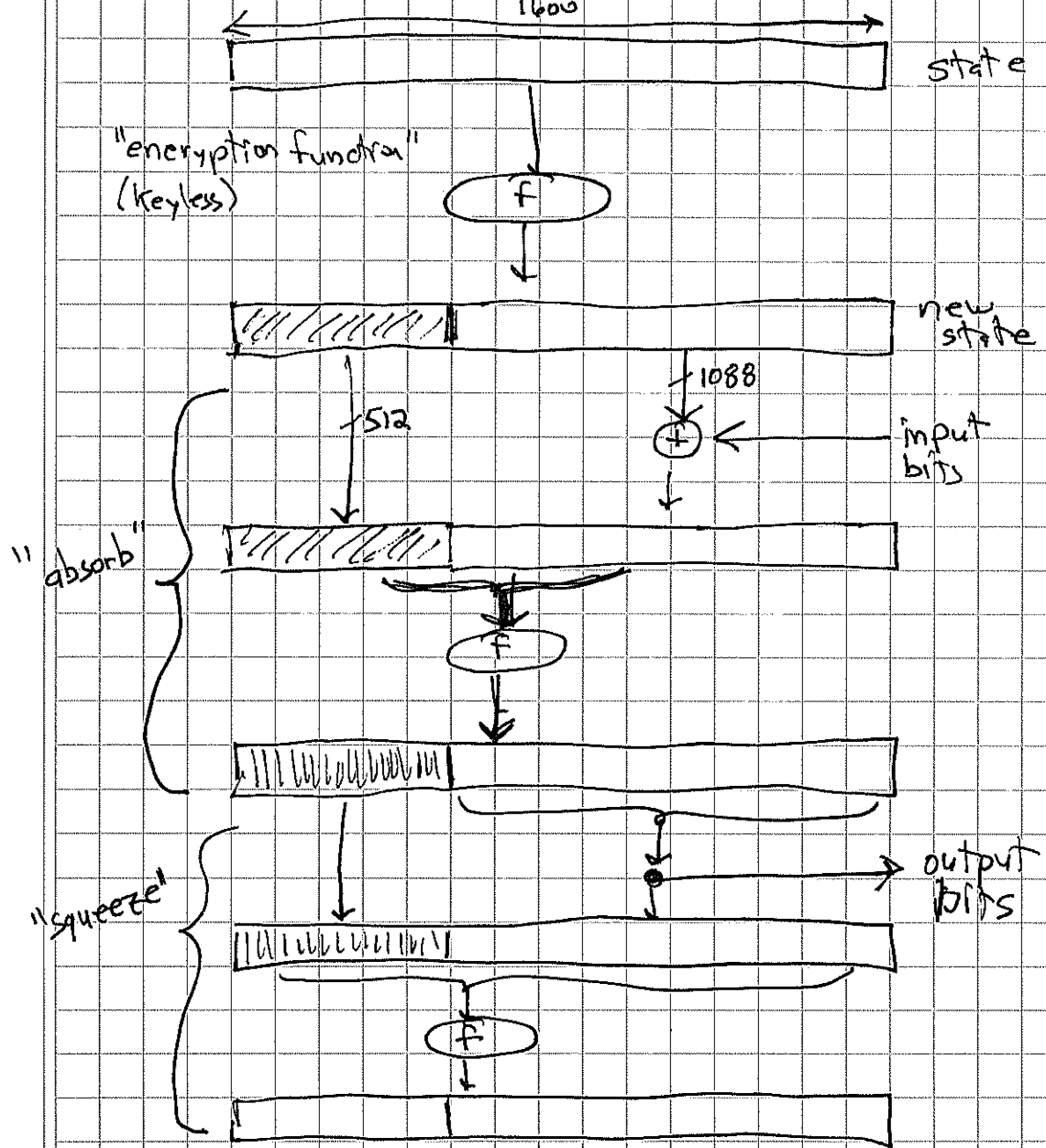
SHA-3 (Keccak)

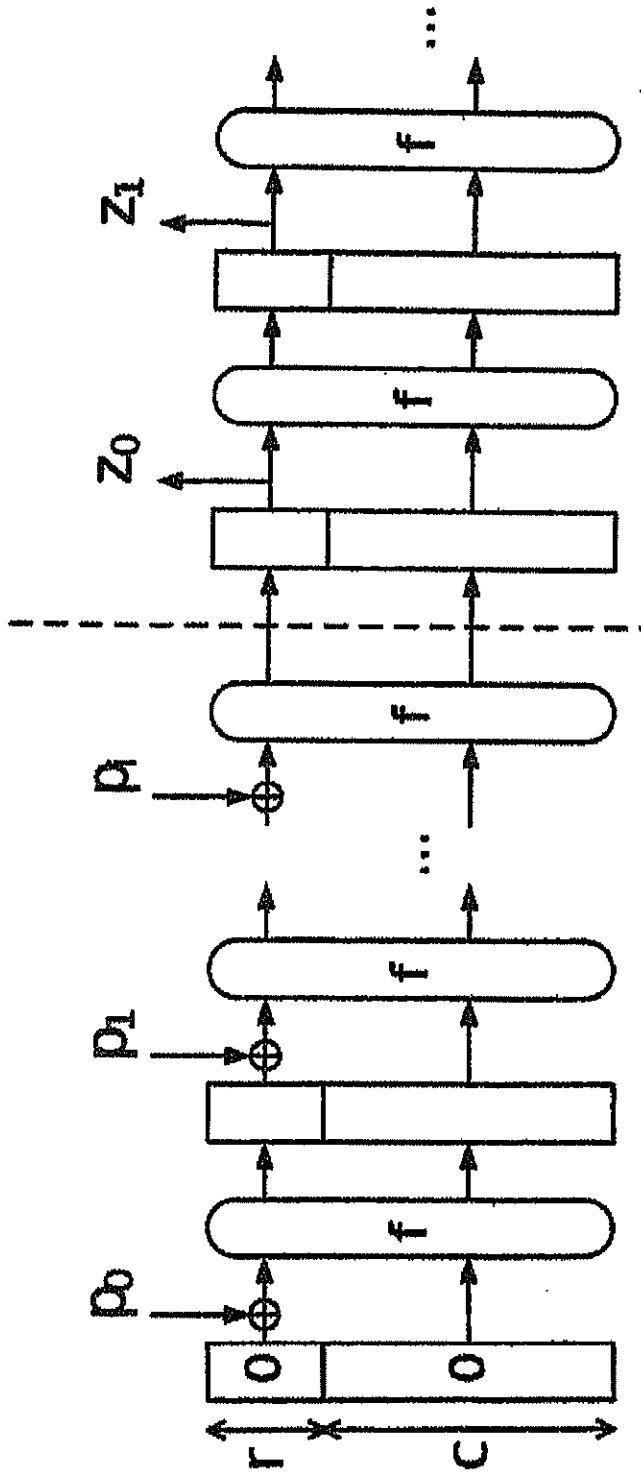
Different construction: "sponge" construction

- can add entropy (message blocks) at any time
- can extract output (squeeze sponge) at any time

Sponge construction (SHA-3)

State = $5 \times 5 \times 64 = 1600$ bits





Keccak = SHA-3

Keccak Sponge Construction

$d = \text{output hash size in bits} \in \{224, 256, 384, 512\}$

$c = 2d$ bits

state size = $25w$ where $w = \text{word size}$ (e.g. $w=64$)

$c + t = 25w$

$r \geq d$ (so hash can be fast d bits at \mathbb{E}_0)

Input padded with 10^*1 until length is a multiple of r

f has 24 rounds (for $w=64$), not quite identical (round constant)

f is public, efficient, invertible function from $\{0,1\}^{25w}$ to $\{0,1\}^{25w}$

e.g. $d = 256$
 $c = 512$
 $r = 1088$
 $w = 64$