
References

The following books may be useful references. Copies of some books have been placed on reserve in the Barker Library and/or in the Laboratory for Computer Science Reading Room.

1. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, and Jeffrey D. Ullman. *The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms*. Addison-Wesley, 1974. The classic text, but it lacks topics in network flows and linear programming, as well as more recent algorithms.
2. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, and Jeffrey D. Ullman. *Data Structures and Algorithms*. Addison-Wesley, 1983. Revised and more elementary version of the first six chapters of *The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms*.
3. Sara Baase. *Computer Algorithms: Introduction to Design and Analysis*. Second edition. Addison-Wesley, 1988. General reference, although the exposition is sometimes terse or sketchy.
4. Jon Bentley. *Programming Pearls*. Addison-Wesley, 1986. Applications of algorithm design techniques to software engineering.
5. Jon Bentley. *More Programming Pearls*. Addison-Wesley, 1988. More applications of algorithm design techniques to software engineering.
6. Jon Bentley. *Writing Efficient Programs*. Prentice-Hall, 1982. Performance hacking extraordinaire.
7. Gilles Brassard and Paul Bratley. *Algorithmics: Theory and Practice*. Prentice-Hall, 1988. Good examples and problems. Focus on methods rather than specific problems.
8. Kai Lai Chung. *Elementary Probability Theory with Stochastic Processes*. Springer-Verlag, 1974. Intuitive introduction to probability.
9. Shimon Even. *Graph Algorithms*. Computer Science Press, 1979. Broad treatment of graph algorithms, including network flow and planarity.
10. William Feller. *An Introduction to Probability Theory and Its Applications*. John Wiley & Sons, 1968 (Volume 1), 1971 (Volume 2). Excellent reference for probability theory.
11. Michael R. Garey and David S. Johnson. *Computers and Intractability: A Guide to the Theory of NP-Completeness*. W. H. Freeman & Co., San Francisco, 1979. Reference book devoted to NP-completeness. The second half contains an extensive list of NP-complete problems and references to algorithms in the literature for polynomial-time special cases.
12. G. H. Gonnet. *Handbook of Algorithms and Data Structures*. Addison-Wesley, 1984. Code in Pascal and C, comparisons of actual running times, and pointers to analysis in research papers.
13. Dan Gusfield. *Algorithms on Strings, Trees, and Sequences* Cambridge University Press, 1997. General treatment of algorithms that operate on character strings and sequences.
14. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni. *Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms*. Computer Science Press, 1978. Good on data structures, dynamic programming, and branch-and-bound algorithms.

15. Jeffrey H. Kingston. *Algorithms and Data Structures: Design, Correctness, Analysis*. Addison-Wesley Publishing Co., 1991. A nice introductory book on data structures, with a good chapter on algorithm correctness.
16. Donald E. Knuth. *The Art of Computer Programming*. Addison-Wesley. Encyclopedic work in three volumes: (1) Fundamental Algorithms, (2) Seminumerical Algorithms, and (3) Sorting and Searching.
17. Eugene L. Lawler. *Combinatorial Optimization*. Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, 1976. Graph algorithms (dense graphs), network flows, and linear programming. First few chapters are excellent.
18. C. L. Liu. *Introduction to Combinatorial Mathematics*. McGraw-Hill, 1968. Combinatorial mathematics relevant to computer science. Excellent problems.
19. Udi Manber. *Introduction to Algorithms*. Addison-Wesley, 1989. Elementary text with an emphasis on creativity.
20. Kurt Mehlhorn. *Data Structures and Algorithms*. Springer-Verlag, 1984. Three volumes: (1) Sorting and Searching, (2) Graph Algorithms and NP-Completeness, and (3) Multi-dimensional Searching and Computational Geometry. Lecture notes on basic and advanced topics.
21. Ivan Niven and Herbert S. Zuckerman. *An Introduction to the Theory of Numbers*. John Wiley & Sons, 1980. Readable introduction to number theory.
22. Christos H. Papadimitriou and Kenneth Steiglitz. *Combinatorial Optimization: Algorithms and Complexity*. Prentice-Hall, 1982. Linear programming and its variants.
23. E. M. Reingold, J. Nievergelt, and N. Deo. *Combinatorial Algorithms: Theory and Practice*. Prentice-Hall, 1977. Good on recurrence relations and binary search trees.
24. Robert Sedgewick. *Algorithms*. Second edition. Addison-Wesley, 1988. Elementary text with an excellent breadth of topics. Light on analysis, but lots of figures.
25. Michael Sipser. *Introduction to the Theory of Computation*. PWS Publishing Co., 1997. A good text on computability and complexity theory.
26. Robert Endre Tarjan. *Data Structures and Network Algorithms*. Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, 1983. Advanced book with tons of good stuff.

The course will also have several lectures on computational geometry and randomized algorithms this year:

1. Joseph O'Rourke. *Computational Geometry in C*. Cambridge University Press, 1993. Introduction to CG at a basic level, with lots of C examples.
2. Mark de Berg et al. *Computational Geometry: Algorithms and Applications*. Springer, 1997. Intermediate level. Very clear.
3. Franco Preparata and Michael Shamos. *Computational Geometry: An Introduction*. Springer-Verlag, 1985. The classic graduate-level text. Clear, with thorough references.
4. Rajeev Motwani and Prabhakar Raghavan. *Randomized Algorithms*. Cambridge University Press, 1995. Excellent text on randomized algorithms and analysis.