# MASSACHVSETTS INSTITVTE OF TECHNOLOGY <br> Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science <br> 6.01-Introduction to EECS I <br> Spring Semester, 2008 <br> Lecture Notes: Feb. 5 <br> The PCAP framework for controlling complexity 

Some simple Python procedures

```
def square(x):
    return x*x
def average(a,b):
    return (a + b) / 2.0
def meanSquare(a,b):
    return average(square(a), square(b))
```

Hero of Alexandria's algorithm for computing square roots:

To compute an approximation to the square root of x :

1. Let g be a guess for the answer
2. Compute an improved guess by taking the average of $g$ and $x / g$
3. Keep improving the guess until its good enough.

A procedure for computing square roots:

```
def goodEnough(guess, x):
    return abs(x-square(guess)) < .00001
def improve(guess,x):
    return average(guess, x/guess)
def sqrtIter(guess,x):
    while not(goodEnough(guess,x)):
        guess=improve(guess,x)
    return guess
def sqrt(x):
    return sqrtIter(1.0,x)
```

Another version of the square root procedure, which uses block structure

```
def sqrt(x):
    def goodEnough(guess):
        return abs(x-square(guess)) < . 00001
    def improve(guess):
        return average(guess, x/guess)
    def iter(guess):
        while not(goodEnough(guess)):
            guess=improve(guess)
        return guess
    return iter(1.0)
```

Computing powers, $\mathrm{b}^{e}$

```
def expt(b,e):
    if e==0:
        return 1
    else:
        return b*expt(b,e-1)
```

This results in a linear time process

Fast exponentiation:

```
def fastexp(b,e):
    if e == 0:
        return 1
    elif e % 2 == 1:
        return b * fastexp(b,e-1)
    else:
        return square(fastexp(b,e/2))
```

This results in a logarithmic time process

A procedure for evaluating polynomials. (Uses list comprehension.)

```
def evalPoly(p,x):
    m=len(p)
    d=m-1
    return sum([p[i] * x**(d-i) for i in range(m)])
```

Evaluating polynomials with Horner's rule

```
def horner(p,x):
    result = 0
    for coeff in p:
        result = coeff + x*result
    return result
```

Recap of the PCAP framework (to continue next week)

|  | Procedures | Data |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Primitives | $+, *, /,==$ | numbers, strings |$|$| Means of combination | if, while, $3 *(4+7)$, list com- <br> prehension | lists |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Means of abstraction | def | $? ?$ |
| Capturing common patterns | $? ?$ | $? ?$ |

